# PARS Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge<sup>™</sup> Implant System

Surgical Technique





## PARS Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge™ Implant System

The PARS Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge implant system is a percutaneous, minimally invasive technique used to repair Achilles tendon ruptures. Using color-coded 1.3 mm SutureTape, the PARS system makes it easy to create a percutaneous locking stitch in the Achilles tendon, while staying inside the paratenon sheath.

The PARS Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge system works with the PARS jig, a minimally invasive instrument that allows for percutaneous passage of SutureTape without a large extensile incision. The PARS Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge technique is performed with a knotless construct by fixating the SutureTape in the proximal tendon and using the DX 3.9 BioComposite SwiveLock® anchors for distal fixation in the calcaneus.

#### SutureTape Compared to #2 Suture

- Feels flat-out better than round suture
- Increased resistance to tissue pull-through¹
- Stronger knotted and knotless fixation¹
- Tighter, smaller knot stacks
- Better handling characteristics

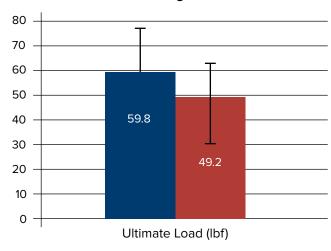


#### Load at 3 mm Displacement<sup>1</sup>

## 

1.3 mm SutureTape#2 FiberWire® Suture

#### Tissue Pull-Through Ultimate Loads<sup>1</sup>



1.3 mm SutureTape

#2 FiberWire Suture

## Features and Benefits



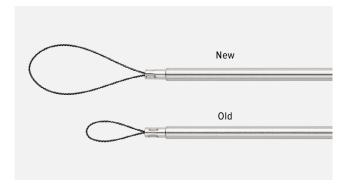
New, collagen-coated SutureTapes come in colors designed for easier intraoperative differentiation.



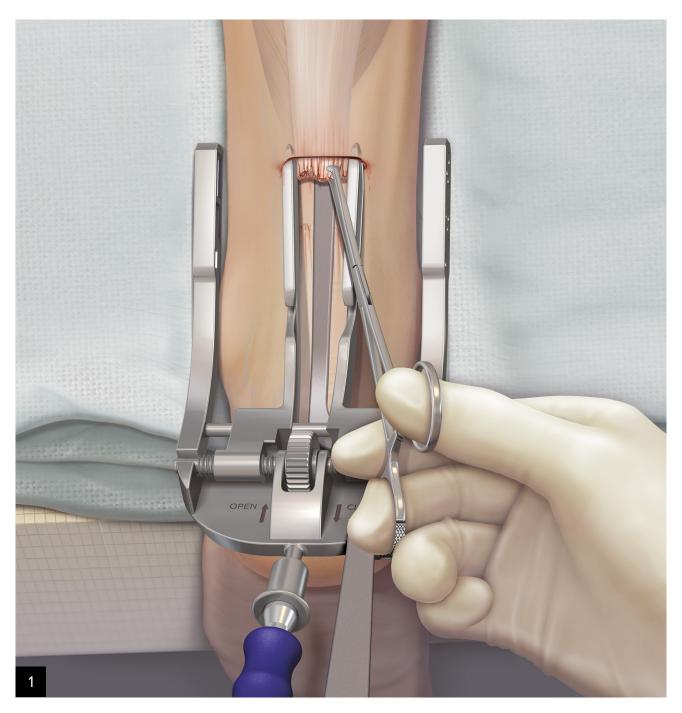
DX 3.9 mm BioComposite SwiveLock® anchors feature a laser-line window that indicates when the anchor is flush or 2 cm countersunk, allowing for more reproducible percutaneous insertion.



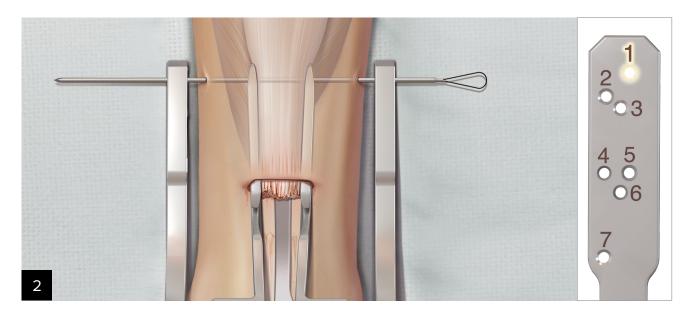
Cannulated drills and taps facilitate percutaneous calcaneus drill hole preparation.



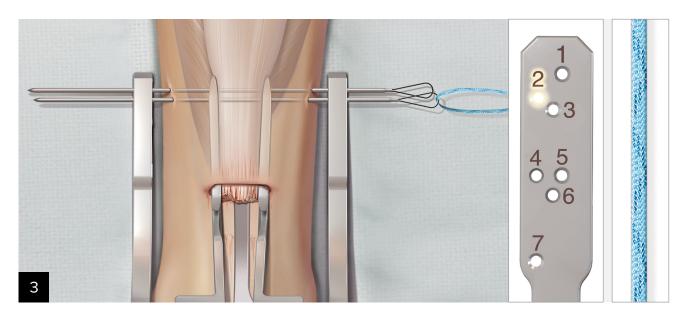
Larger PARS needle eyelets enable more reliable passing of the SutureTapes.



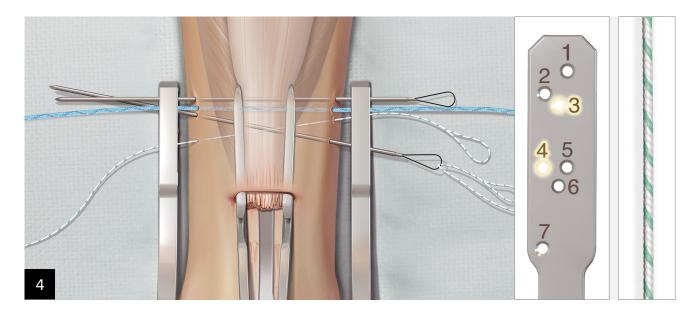
Make a percutaneous incision just proximal to the tendon rupture and insert the inner arms of the PARS jig inside the paratenon of the Achilles tendon.



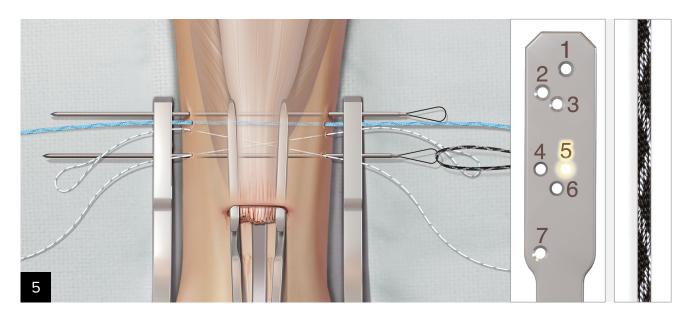
Pass the PARS needle with the nitinol loop through the #1 hole. Place manual pressure on the tendon while passing the PARS needle to enhance central placement of the SutureTape. Leave the #1 PARS needle in the #1 spot of the jig to stabilize the construct while passing all other SutureTapes; pass the #1 white SutureTape last.



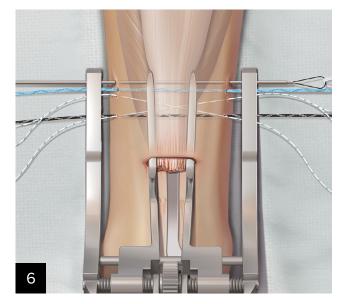
Pass the PARS needle with the nitinol loop through the #2 hole. Pull the blue SutureTape through the leg, leaving tails of equal length on both sides.

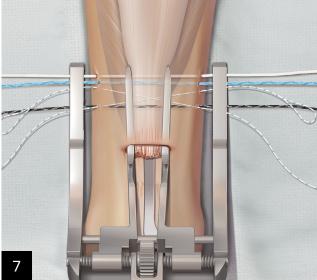


Pass the PARS needle with the nitinol loop through the #3 and #4 holes. Pull the white/green FiberLink™ suture with loops through the leg, leaving tails of equal length on both sides. Make sure there is a looped end on each side of the leg.

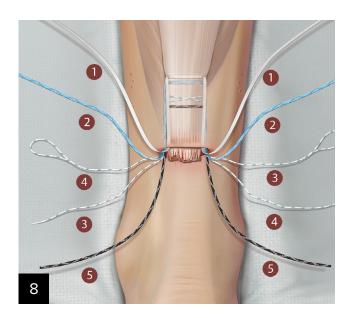


Pass the PARS needle with the nitinol loop through the #5 hole. Pull the black SutureTape through the leg, leaving tails of equal length on both sides.

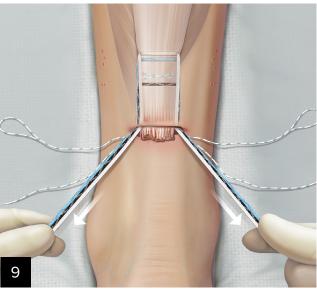




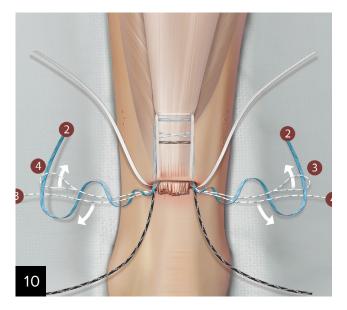
Load the white SutureTape in the #1 PARS needle and pass through the tendon.



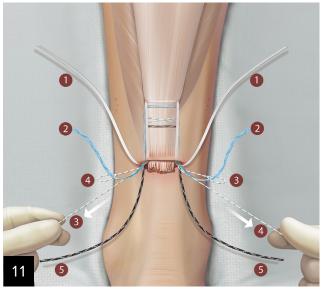
Remove the jig and organize the sutures the way they were originally placed through the PARS jig.



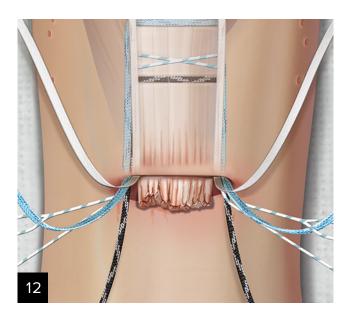
Pull each end of the SutureTapes 10 times to ensure all creep is removed from the construct.



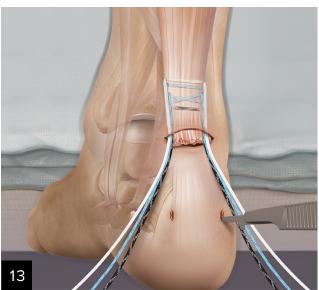
Pass the blue SutureTape under and around the #3 and #4 (white/green) FiberLink™ sutures twice, in the same direction on both sides and then through the loop of the white/green FiberLink suture.



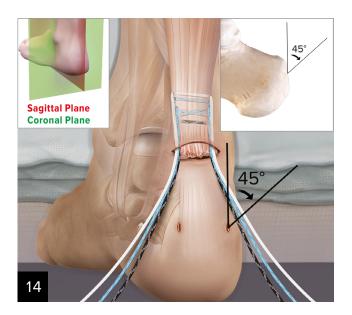
Pull the blue SutureTape through the Achilles tendon to the other side by pulling on the nonlooped side of the white/green looped sutures (#3 and #4).



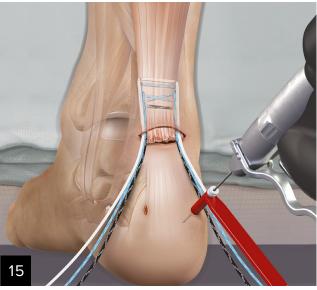
Pull on the blue SutureTape to lock the stitch in place. Two transverse sutures (#1 and #5) and 1 locked suture (#2) remain.



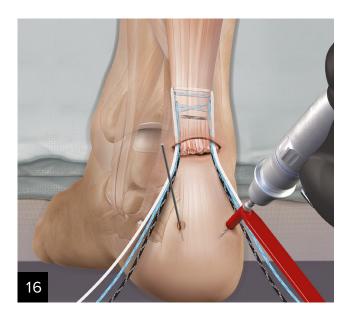
Make incisions 1 cm below the superior aspect of the posterior calcaneal tuberosity, medial and lateral to the Achilles tendon.



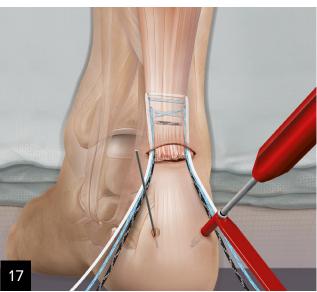
Within these stab incisions, insert the drill guide with the white guidewire sleeve down to the bone and insert the guidewire at 45° from the centerline of the Achilles in the coronal plane and 45° from posterior to anterior (sagittal plane).



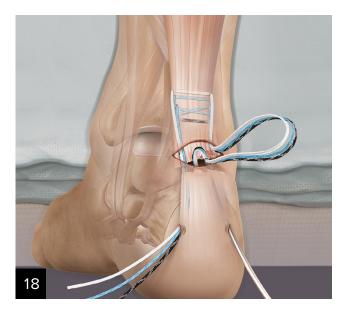
Insert the guidewire. Leaving the guide in place, remove the white guidewire sleeve.



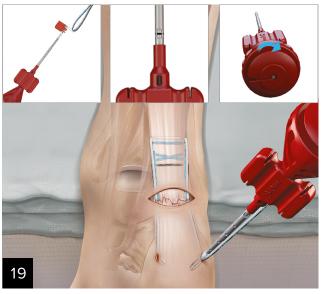
Drill to the hard stop with the 2.6 mm cannulated drill (solid 2.6 mm drill option also available).



Leaving the drill guide in place, use the 3.9 mm tap to prepare the holes for the SwiveLock® anchors.



With the guidewires or PARS passing wires in the prepared bone tunnels, advance the Banana SutureLasso™ suture passer through the distal Achilles tendon and retrieve the proximal SutureTape.



Secure the SutureTapes to the distal Achilles with two DX 3.9 mm BioComposite SwiveLock  $^{\tiny{(8)}}$  anchors with the foot in 10°-15° greater plantar flexion than the resting position of the contralateral foot. To Insert the SwiveLock anchors, hold the square tab in place and turn the pear-shaped driver until you see the laser line in the window of the inserter. When the line appears, the anchor is flush. When the line is centered, the anchor is 2 mm countersunk.



After final fixation, apply JumpStart® antimicrobial wound dressing on the incision. JumpStart wound dressing kills a broad spectrum of harmful pathogens, including multidrug-resistant and biofilm-forming bacteria to help reduce the risk of infection.<sup>2,3</sup>

## **Ordering Information**

## Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge™ Implant System

_		
	Product Description	Item Number
	PARS Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge Implant System	AR- <b>9929BC-CP</b>
	Cannulated drill bit, 2.6 mm	
	Solid drill bit, 2.6 mm	
	Guidewire, qty. 2	
	Straight needles w/ nitinol loops, 1.6 mm, qty. 3	
	FiberWire® SutureTape, white, 1.3 mm, qty. 2	
	FiberWire SutureTape, blue, 1.3 mm, qty. 2	
	FiberWire SutureTape, black/white, 1.3 mm, qty. 2	
	#2 FiberWire suture, closed loop, white/green, qty. 2	
	JumpStart single-layer dressing, 2 in × 5 in	
	Cannulated tap for 3.9 mm SwiveLock® anchor	
	DX 3.9 mm Biocomposite SwiveLock anchors, qty. 2	
	Banana SutureLasso™ suture passer w/ nitinol wire	
	Drill guide, 3.9 mm	

#### PARS Achilles Jig Instrument Set

Product Description	Item Number		
PARS Achilles jig	AR- <b>8860J</b>		
Driver handle w/ AO connection, cannulated	AR-13221AOC		
PARS Achilles repair instrument case	AR- <b>8860C</b>		
Tendon elevator (optional)	AR- <b>8860J-01</b>		

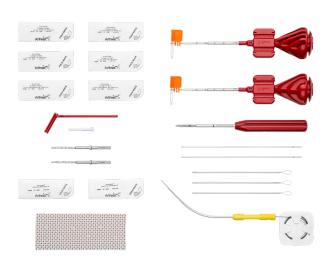
#### JumpStart® Single-Layer Dressing

Product Description	Item Number	Qty./Box
1 in × 1 in Fenestrated	ABS- <b>4001</b>	10
2 in × 2 in	ABS- <b>4002</b>	10
2 in × 5 in	ABS- <b>4025</b>	10
3 in × 3 in	ABS- <b>4003</b>	10
4 in × 4 in	ABS- <b>4004</b>	10
1.5 in × 8 in	ABS- <b>4005</b>	10
1.5 in × 10 in	ABS- <b>4006</b>	10
8 in × 8 in	ABS- <b>4008</b>	1
12 in × 12 in	ABS- <b>4012</b>	1

Products advertised in this brochure/surgical technique guide may not be available in all countries. For information on availability, please contact Arthrex Customer Service or your local Arthrex representative.

## References

- 1. Arthrex, Inc. LA1-00038-EN\_B. Naples, FL; 2017.
- 2. Kim H, Makin I, Skiba J, et al. Antibacterial efficacy testing of a bioelectric wound dressing against clinical wound pathogens. Open Microbiol J. 2014:21;8:15-21. doi:10.2174/1874285801408010015
- 3. Banerjee J, Das Ghatak P, Roy S, et al. Silver-zinc redox-coupled electroceutical wound dressing disrupts bacterial biofilm. PLoS One. 2015;10(3):e0119531. doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0119531



Implant System, PARS Achilles Midsubstance SpeedBridge with JumpStart Dressing - AR-9929BC-CP



PARS Achilles Jig AR-8860J

Tendon Elevator (optional) AR-8860J-01





This description of technique is provided as an educational tool and clinical aid to assist properly licensed medical professionals in the usage of specific Arthrex products. As part of this professional usage, the medical professional must use their professional judgment in making any final determinations in product usage and technique. In doing so, the medical professional should rely on their own training and experience, and should conduct a thorough review of pertinent medical literature and the product's directions for use. Postoperative management is patient-specific and dependent on the treating professional's assessment. Individual results will vary and not all patients will experience the same postoperative activity level and/or outcomes.



Arthrex manufacturer, authorized representative, and importer information (Arthrex eIFUs)



US patent information

### arthrex.com